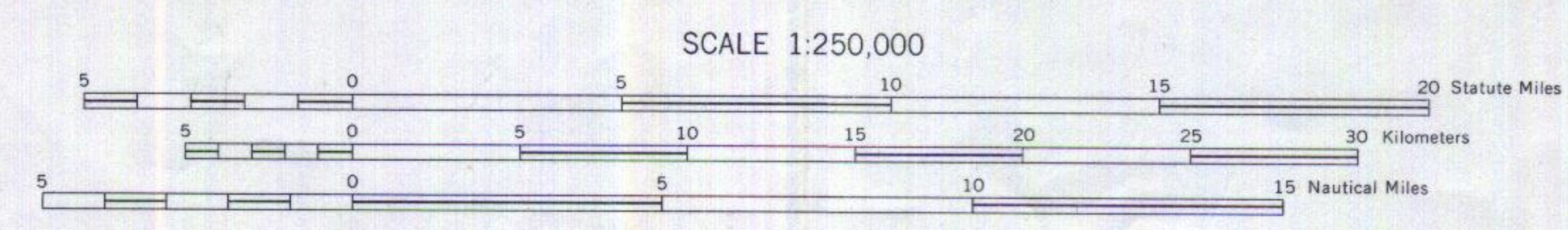


TMA 1499  
909  
1489  
1316  
1488  
407  
1500  
1487

Mapped, edited, and published by the U. S. Geological Survey in cooperation with the National Science Foundation  
Control by U. S. Geological Survey. Pensacola Mountains Gravimetric Survey elevations by altimeter are shown underlined  
Compiled in 1967 from U. S. Navy tricamera aerial photographs taken 1964  
Names approved by U. S. Board on Geographic Names  
Absence of the crevasse symbol does not necessarily indicate a crevasse-free area

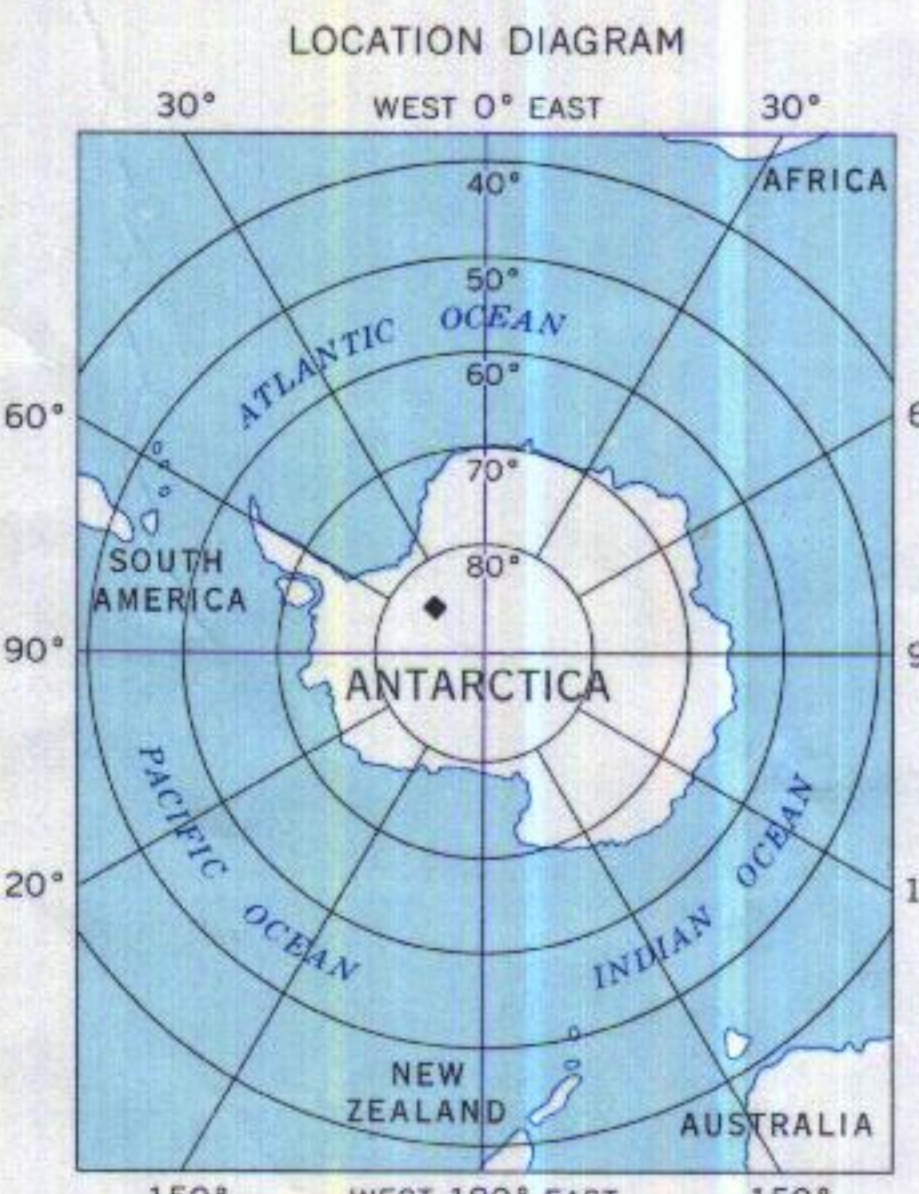
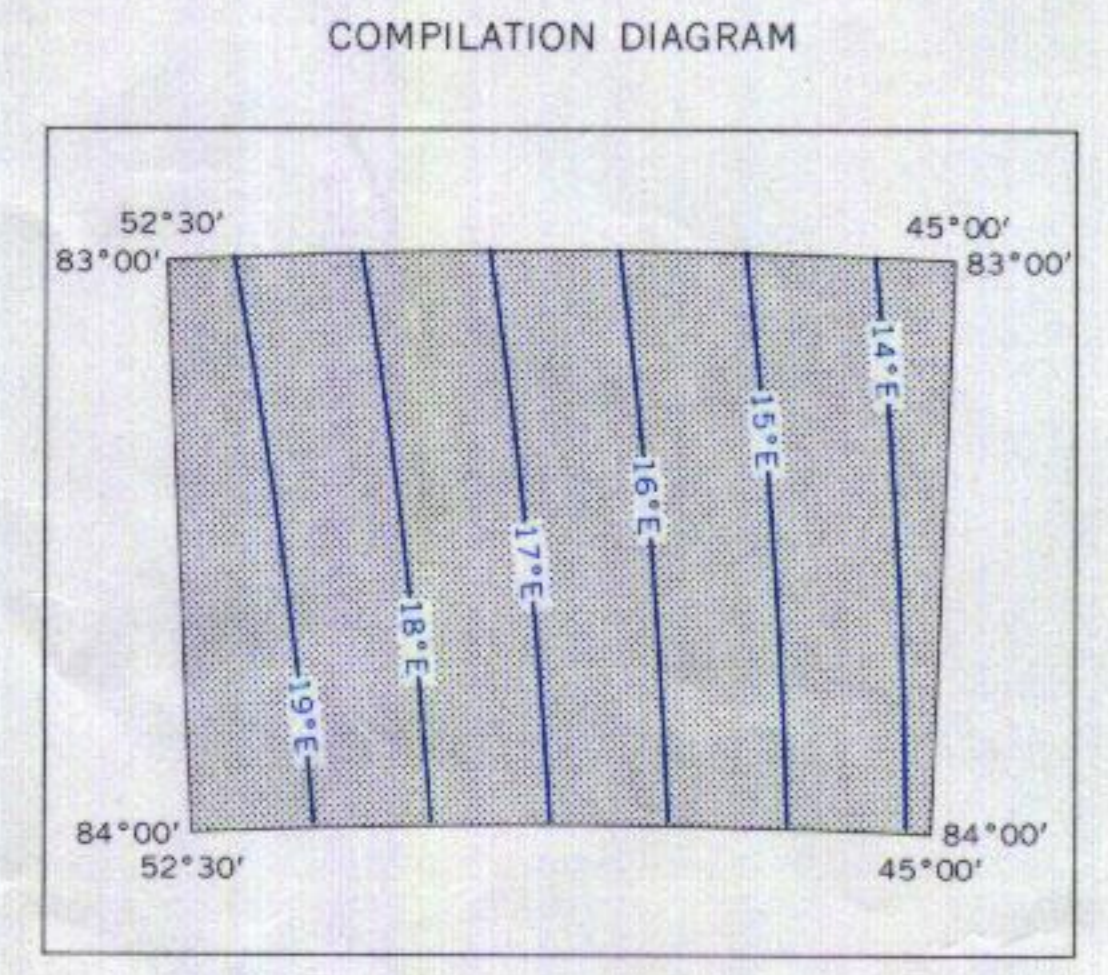


Polar Stereographic Projection—Standard Parallel 80°14'  
CONTOUR INTERVAL 200 METERS—DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL

LEGEND	
Contour lines (definite)	Ice area
Contour lines (approximate)	Ice-free area
Contour lines (conjectural)	
Cliff or escarpment	
Steep slope	
Small hillocks	
Intersected control stations	
Photogrammetric elevations	
Ice thickness	
Astro control station	
Survey control stations	
Traverse route with spot height	
Moraine	
Glacier	
Crevasse	
Coastline under ice (definite; indefinite)	
Ice shelf	
Icebergs	
Fast or bay ice	

INDEX TO ADJOINING SHEETS			
60°00'	52°30'	45°	37°30'
82°00'	83°00'	84°00'	85°00'
OPHIONE RANGE SU 21-25/9	DAVIS VALLEY RANGE SU 21-25/10	ARGENTINA RANGE SU 21-25/11	
SCHMIDT HILLS SU 21-25/13	SARATOGA TABLE SU 21-25/14	SU 21-25/15	
GAMBACORTA PEAK SU 21-30/1	SU 21-30/2		
60°00'	52°30'	45°	37°30'

Sheet numbering system based on International Map of the World



SARATOGA TABLE  
ANTARCTICA  
SU 21-25/14  
SB300—W4500/1X7.5

#58